

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1.(Currently Amended) A method for operating a wireless communications system for assigning system resources to users, comprising:

within a coverage area of a base station (BS) having a multi-element antenna array, estimating a spatial signature vector (SSV) for a current subscriber station;

using the estimated SSV as a weight vector, determining the output power that is correlated with a ~~system-resource~~ spreading code to be assigned; and

assigning a ~~system-resource to the current subscriber station~~ spreading code that is determined to have the minimum output power to the current subscriber station.

2.(Original) A method as in claim 1, wherein the step of determining the output power includes steering a beamformer toward the current subscriber station by setting the weight vector equal to the SSV.

3.(Original) A method as in claim 1, wherein the step of determining the output power includes determining the average squared value of the antenna array output that has been despread using a code  $i$ .

4.(Original) A method as in claim 1, wherein the multi-element antenna array has  $M$  elements, and wherein the step of determining the output power operates an  $M$ -branch receiver to despread a signal received on each element with a spreading code  $i$ , to accumulate the despread signal over a symbol duration, to scale the accumulated signal by the weight vector, to sum all of the scaled values and to square the result, and to average the squared result over  $R$  samples to determine the output power for code  $i$  for the current subscriber station.

5.(Original) A method as in claim 4, wherein  $R$  has a value in the range of about 16 symbols to about 64 symbols.

6.(Original) A method in claim 4, wherein the value of  $R$  is varied as a function of at least a condition of the channel.

7.(Currently Amended) A synchronous space division multiple access, code division multiple access communications system, comprising a data processor for estimating, within a coverage area of a radio base unit (RBU) having a multi-element antenna array, a spatial signature vector (SSV) for a current subscriber station, for using the estimated SSV as a weight vector when determining the output power that is correlated with each of a plurality of spreading code sequences, and for assigning a spreading code ~~to the current subscriber station~~ that is determined to have the minimum output power to the current subscriber station.

8.(Original) A system as in claim 7, wherein the data processor steers a beamformer toward the current subscriber station by setting the weight vector equal to the SSV.

9.(Original) A system as in claim 7, wherein the data processor determines the average squared value of the antenna array output that has been despread using a code  $i$ .

10.(Original) A system as in claim 7, wherein the multi-element antenna array has  $M$  elements, and further comprising an  $M$ -branch receiver for despreading a signal received on each element with a spreading code  $i$ , for accumulating the despread signal over a symbol duration, for scaling the accumulated signal by the weight vector, for summing all of the scaled values and squaring the result, and for averaging the squared result over  $R$  samples to determine the output power for code  $i$  for the current subscriber station.

11.(Original) A system as in claim 10, wherein  $R$  has a value in the range of about 16 symbols to about 64 symbols.

12.(Original) A system as in claim 10, wherein the value of  $R$  is varied as a function of at least a condition of the channel.

13.(Currently Amended) A method for operating a synchronous space division multiple access, code division multiple access communications system for assigning spreading codes to users, comprising:

within a coverage area of a base station (BS) having a multi-element antenna array, estimating a spatial signature vector (SSV) for a current subscriber station;

using the estimated SSV as a weight vector, determining the output power that is correlated with each of a plurality of spreading code sequences; and  
assigning a spreading code ~~to the current subscriber station~~ that is determined to have the minimum output power to the current subscriber station.

14.(Original) A method as in claim 13, wherein the step of determining the output power includes steering a beamformer toward the current subscriber station by setting the weight vector equal to the SSV.

15.(Original) A method as in claim 13, wherein the step of determining the output power includes determining the average squared value of the antenna array output that has been despread using a code  $i$ .

16.(Original) A method as in claim 13, wherein the multi-element antenna array has  $M$  elements, and wherein the step of determining the output power operates an  $M$ -branch receiver to despread a signal received on each element with a spreading code  $i$ , to accumulate the despread signal over a symbol duration, to scale the accumulated signal by the weight vector, to sum all of the scaled values and to square the result, and to average the squared result over  $R$  samples to determine the output power for code  $i$  for the current subscriber station.

17.(Original) A method as in claim 16, wherein  $R$  has a value in the range of about 16 symbols to about 64 symbols.

18.(Original) A method in claim 16, wherein the value of  $R$  is varied as a function of at least a condition of the channel.